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WEDNESDAY APRIL 7th 2010
MONACO

Opening the
AMWC 2010
8th Anti-Aging Medicine World Congress

WORLD SUMMIT
ON INTERDISCIPLINARY
AGEING MEDICINE

Introducing the



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SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM COMMITTEE



President of the World Summit

Prof. Frederick NAFTOLIN, USA Gynaecologist - New York. Professor of Obstetrics and Gynaecology. Director, Reproductive Biology, Research, Co-Director Interdisciplinary program in Menopause Medicine at New York University School of Medicine. He is a Researcher in the areas of reproductive endocrinology and oncology, and is the author of over 600 original publications and reviews. He has edited 12 books and is an editor or associate editor of three journals.



Andrea GENAZZANI, MD. Italy - In 1972 he received the Ph.D. from the Division de Biochimie Clinique, at the Lausanne University. In 1975, after 10 years of research and teaching, he was promoted to Full Professor, and he directed the Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology in Cagliari and Modena Universities. Since 1994, he is the Director of the Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology at the Pisa University. Prof.Genazzani is well recognized for his research particularly in the field of neuroendocrinology of reproduction, infertility and menopause.

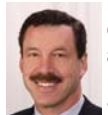
Prof. Nissim BENVENISTY, Israel research projects focus on stem cell biology, tissue engineering, molecular genetics in humans, developmental biology, and cancer research. He published numerous original and review papers on human embryonic stem cells. Prof. Benvenisty's laboratory pioneered the demonstration of both spontaneous and directed differentiation of human embryonic stem cells in culture into dozen different cell types. In addition, his laboratory was the first to demonstrate genetic manipulation of the cells, as well as to establish models for human diseases using human embryonic stem cells.



S Mitchell HARMAN, MD. USA is the Director and President of Kronos Longevity Research Institute (KLRI). He oversees all aspects of KLRI's operations, including planning, execution and reporting of research; staffing; and budget and administration. He is an internationally recognized expert on the effects of aging on hormone regulation and the use of hormone therapy in older men and women.



David KEEFE, USA is a physician-scientist whose research focusing on egg infertility, reproductive aging and stem cells. His research has also been awarded several U.S. patents and his work has been presented to peers both nationally and internationally. As an award-winning teacher and researcher, Dr. Keefe has published extensively with more than 150 papers and abstracts in publication. Dr. Keefe is also a long-time participant in a number of key professional associations, has served as the Scientific Chair of the Annual Meeting of the American Society for Reproductive Medicine, on the Board of Resolve and the Editorial Boards of the journals Human Reproduction and the Journal of Assisted Reproductive Technology and Genetics, and as a reviewer for such publications as the American Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology and the New England Journal of Medicine.



Prof. Egon DICZFALUSY, Sweden is honorary doctor, honorary member of Academic Institutions and National Societies of Obstetrics and Gynecology and/or Endocrinology in 18 countries. All of his positions and responsibility from the 1960s to the present, he devoted himself to promote scientific researches and training in human reproduction in every aspect he could do. His efforts of hard working all of his life, promotes medical researches in human reproduction strengthening medical institutes and expanding the good of fertility regulation and reproductive endocrinology for a better reproductive health.

Bruno LUNENFELD, Israel

Her Acted as a consultant and member of Expert Committees at the WHO from 1967 to 1992. From 1967 to 1995 he was Professor of Endocrinology at Bar-Ilan University. He was a founding member of the Israel Endocrine Society and its President between 1992 and 1995. He was instrumental in the study of the aging male, was the founder of the International Society for the Study of the Aging Male (ISSAM), and its President. He organized, (in collaboration with the WHO), and chaired the first, second and third world Congress of the aging male in Geneva Feb 1998 and 2000, in Berlin in 2002, and Prague 2004.



Ricardo UAUY, Chile has been involved as advisor for the UN, WHO and FAO from 1981 to 2001. He was elected President of the International Union of Nutritional Sciences and received the Presidential Award (Chile) in Science for his research into the effects of essential fatty acids on gene expression during retinal and brain development. He has also served as President of the Chilean Nutrition Society and is a member of the Scientific Advisory of the Novartis Foundation. Dr Uauy has over 250 scientific publications on various aspects of human nutritional needs in health and disease with an emphasis on neonatal nutrition. He received the McCollum award presented by the American Society for Nutritional Sciences (USA) in 2000.



World Summit on Interdisciplinary Aging Medicine - WOSIAM and the Society for Interdisciplinary Aging Medicine - SIAM

WOSIAM

WOSIAM is a one day conference organized by SIAM and supported by the Principality of Monaco and WOSAAM. This World Summit aims to become the meeting of reference where will be proposed an update on the latest scientific advances in **Preventive, Well-aging and Regenerative Medicine** and will debate the implications on the healthcare systems policies. The objective being to propose, at an international scale, **a better health management and strategies for the care of aging populations.**

It will be off-site from the AMWC - Anti-Aging Medicine World Congress, but will have a special relationship with it since WOSIAM will furnish speakers for the scientific sessions of the AMWC. The first annual meeting of SIAM - Society for Interdisciplinary Aging Medicine, will occur during the WOSIAM.

PRESENTATION OF THE SUMMIT - OBJECTIVES

The past century has seen a doubling of lifespan in industrialized countries. There has also been a shift in leading causes of death - from acute illnesses to complications of chronic diseases. These changes are largely the result of the widespread application of public health measures, improved availability of nutrition, changes in occupational hazards and stresses, preventive measures and new medical interventions. The effect of these changes has affected demographics; the profile of industrialized countries has been skewed toward increasingly older populations while developing countries have a bimodal distribution of population with large percentages of younger individuals plus a growing number of advanced age individuals. We are facing a tsunami of aging people and their problems.

Biomedical research on aging and contributing factors for chronic diseases is forging ahead. The pharmaceutical industry is also moving ahead, but with a different métier. The results are not coordinated and have led to advances that may reduce one disease while shifting the healthcare load to previously minor or less frequent conditions. While the profile of healthcare needs reflects the increasing number of aging individuals with problems related to wellness and disease, the activities of those delivering the care remain bound by historical customs and societal pressure to deliver clinical

disease-oriented care rather than preventative care, health education and lifestyle modification. In most cases there is insufficient direction of resources for other than delivery of care or for clinical or basic research.

The factors in the delayed response to the new demographics are social, especially lifestyle matters, and societal, inadequate resources to furnish healthcare to the increasing number of aging individuals. There is a lack of purposefully interdisciplinary approaches to early education, risk evaluation, targeted interventions and preventative measures during the first half of life that are aimed at forestalling or affecting the course of disease in the latter half of life. The research in this area is age and disease focused, which has furnished an incomplete understanding of the basis of these problems.



SIAM

THE SOCIETY FOR INTERDISCIPLINARY AGING MEDICINE

The Society for Interdisciplinary Aging Medicine will be a venue for **interdisciplinary interaction of practitioners and scientists.** The Society seeks members who are engaged in investigation, innovation and practice at all stages of life that are relevant to healthy aging. It will be a cross-cutting organization that leads the way by offering a venue for new ideas and results. SIAM seeks members who are prepared to look and work across conventional borders to accomplish this mission.

The first, organizational meeting of SIAM will be on 7 April, 2010 at the World Summit of Interdisciplinary Aging Medicine to be held in Monte Carlo under the auspices of the Principality of Monaco. The World Congress of Anti-Aging Medicine will follow, with SIAM-sponsored lectures and workshops.

This Summit will have two main lines of content: The scientific basis and management of aging and, strategies for the care of aging populations.

PUBLIC: Practitioners of all specialties, scientists, university and public research, health administrations, government healthcare authorities, private medical insurances...

08.00–08.30

Introduction of Luminaries and Opening of WOSIAM
Introduction des lumières et Inauguration de WOSIAM

08.30–09.15

The World problem of Aging (demography, resources, quality of life)
Le problème mondial du vieillissement (démographie, ressources, qualité de vie)
Egon Diczfalusy, Hungary

09.15–10.00

Biological Aging / L'Age biologique **David Keefe, USA**

10.00–10.15 **BREAK**

10.15–11.00

Fetal Origins of Adult Diseases / Origines foetales des maladies adultes
Ricardo Uauy, Chile

11.00–11.45

Epigenetic Factors and Aging / Facteurs épigénétiques et vieillissement
S. Mitchell Harman, USA

11.45–12.30

The Aging Male / Le vieillissement chez l'homme
Bruno Lunenfeld, Israel

12.30–14.00

LUNCH

14.00–14.45

The Aging Female / Le vieillissement chez la femme
Andrea Genazzani, Italy

14.45–15.30

The Status of Stem cell and Reparative Medicine for Aging Individuals / Le statut des cellules souches et de la médecine réparatrice chez l'individu vieillissant

Nissim Benvenisty, Israel

15.30–16.15

Seamless HealthCare and Planning for its Outcome / Soins de santé et planification sans défaut
Frederick Naftolin, USA

16.15–16.30

BREAK

16.30–17.15

The Problem of Global Aging – Can One Solution Fit All ?
Le problème du vieillissement global – Une seule solution peut-elle tout régler ?

17.15–18.30 **SIAM BUSINESS MEETING**

Sommet Mondial de médecine Interdisciplinaire liée au vieillissement WOSIAM et la Société de Médecine Interdisciplinaire liée à l'Âge – SIAM

WOSIAM

Le Sommet Mondial est une conférence d'une journée organisée par la SIAM et soutenue par la Principauté de Monaco et la WOSAAM. Ce sommet mondial a pour ambition de devenir la réunion de référence où seront mises à jour les dernières avancées en médecine préventive, du bien-être et régénérative et où seront débattues les implications sur les systèmes de santé. L'objectif est de faire le point et de proposer, à une échelle mondiale, une meilleure gestion de la santé et des stratégies de soin pour les populations vieillissantes.

Le sommet WOSIAM se tiendra en avant première de l'AMWC – Anti-Aging Medical World Congress, mais en relation étroite avec avec cette manifestation.

Le premier meeting annuel de SIAM – Society for Interdisciplinary Aging Medicine se déroulera en clôture du World Summit on Interdisciplinary Aging Medicine.

PRESENTATION DU SOMMET – OBJECTIFS

Le siècle dernier a vu doubler l'espérance de vie dans les pays industrialisés. Il y a également eu un décalage dans les principales causes de décès – des maladies aiguës aux complications des maladies chroniques. Ces changements sont en grande partie le résultat de l'élargissement des mesures de santé publique, l'amélioration de la nutrition, les évolutions des risques professionnels et du stress, les mesures préventives et nouvelles interventions médicales. L'effet de ces changements a affecté la démographie. Le profil des pays industrialisés a été modifié pour des populations de plus en plus âgées tandis que les pays en voie de développement ont une distribution de population bimodale avec un grand pourcentage de jeunes individus pour un nombre croissant d'individus âgés. Nous faisons face à un Tsunami de personnes vieillissantes et des problèmes qui y sont liés.

La recherche biomédicale sur le vieillissement et sur les facteurs contribuant aux maladies chroniques va

de l'avant. L'industrie pharmaceutique également, mais avec un métier différent. Les résultats ne sont pas coordonnés et ont mené aux avancées qui réduisent la maladie tout en décalant la charge de soins. Tandis que les besoins de soins de santé révèle un nombre croissant d'individus vieillissants avec des problèmes relatifs au bien-être et à la maladie, les activités de ceux qui délivrent des soins

font un bond par rapport aux coutumes historiques et à la pression sociale pour fournir des traitements d'approche clinique plutôt que préventive, qu'une éducation sanitaire et la modification du style de vie. Dans la plupart des cas il y a une utilisation des ressources mal adaptée qui ne doit pas se limiter à la délivrance de soin mais aussi à la recherche clinique ou fondamentale.

La conséquence de la nouvelle démographie est sociale, spécialement en matière de style de vie, et sociétale, les ressources n'étant plus adaptées pour apporter les soins au nombre croissant d'individus vieillissants.

Il y a un cruel manque de propositions relative à une approche interdisciplinaire, au niveau de l'éducation, de l'évaluation des risques, des mesures préventives pendant la première moitié de la vie qui pourraient avoir des effets bénéfiques sur la maladie dans la seconde moitié.

La recherche dans ce secteur est focalisée sur l'âge et la maladie, ce qui a fourni une compréhension incomplète de la base de ces problèmes.

SIAM

SOCIÉTÉ DE MÉDECINE INTERDISCIPLINAIRE LIÉE À L'ÂGE

La Société de Médecine Interdisciplinaire liée à l'Âge sera un lieu d'interaction entre praticiens et scientifiques. Elle a pour objectif de réunir des membres impliqués dans l'investigation et l'innovation qui interviennent à tous les niveaux de la vie pour un vieillissement sain. Il s'agit d'une organisation transversale qui offrira un lieu de rendez-vous pour de nouvelles idées et de nouveaux résultats.

Le premier meeting d'organisation de la SIAM se tiendra le 7 avril 2010 au sommet mondial de médecine interdisciplinaire liée à l'âge (WOSIAM), à Monte-Carlo, sous les auspices de la principauté de Monaco. Le Congrès Mondial de Médecine Anti-âge suivra ensuite avec des lectures et des workshops organisés par la SIAM.

Ce sommet aura 2 lignes principales de contenu : les bases scientifiques et la prise en charge du vieillissement ainsi que les stratégies de soins aux populations vieillissantes.

Public: Médecins de toutes spécialités, scientifiques, universitaires et chercheurs du domaine privé, administrateurs de la santé, autorités gouvernementales, assurances maladies privées.





WORLD SUMMIT ON INTERDISCIPLINARY AGING MEDICINE (WOSIAM)

MONACO • APRIL 7th, 2010

REGISTRATION FORM - TO BE SENT BY FAX TO +33 (0)156 837 805 (from America dial 011 33 1 56 837 805)

PLEASE TYPE IN CAPITAL LETTERS

Family Name
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Your confirmation will be sent by e-mail - Please write as CLEARLY as possible

PAYMENT

WORLD SUMMIT ON INTERDISCIPLINARY AGING MEDICINE - WOSIAM

WOSIAM (1 full day on April 7th - Lunch included)

Before 10/03/2010

After 10/03/2010 & on-site

300 €

350 €

1-YEAR FREE Membership SIAM (World Society of Interdisciplinary Aging Medicine) & World MediSpa Association MEMBERSHIP offered with this registration (for MDs only): Advantages as member will start after this registration. If you DO NOT wish to become a SIAM Member, please tick here

TOTAL TO BE PAID:€

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Cancellation policy: • Before March 5, 2010: Refund -50 € • Between March 6 and 26, 2010: Refund -30 % • After March 27, 2010: No refund
Cancellation will be processed after written demand and one month after the Congress



VERY IMPORTANT: In case of payment by bank transfer, please add 15 € to the total fees (bank charges). For administrative treatment purpose, BANK TRANSFER MUST BE MADE AT LEAST 10 DAYS PRIOR TO THE CONGRESS. Passed this date, the registrant may have to pay on site his registration and will be eventually refunded after the congress. Administrative process may take up to 30 days to identify the transfer and proceed to the refund, after the event. OBLIGATORY: Do mention the "Participant's name + WOSIAM 2010" reference on all the bank documents

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